

Tuesday 5th May

Today's lessons will be:

- I. Phonics or Spellings
- 2. English
- 3. Maths
- 4.RE

Hello Elm friends. Hope you are staying safe.

Year I Phonics

-

Finished? Read a book for at least 10 minutes.

Phonics booklet.

- Look at today's piece of code 'air' (page 38)
- Ask an adult if you are not sure what the pictures are. Remember on the pictures you need to say the sounds out loud to find out how many pieces of code there are.
- Example: 'chairs' <u>ch</u> <u>air</u> <u>s</u> 'chairs'
 = 3 sounds. Not just 6 letters.
- Pictures: chairs, fair, hair, piano, pair (of gloves), concrete, rope.

Year 2 <u>LO: Spellings.</u>

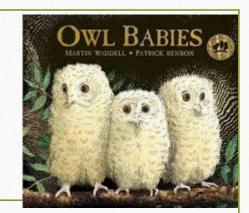
Choose at least 6 words from your spelling list below and write sentences for each to show you understand what it means.

Example: It was a lovely **warm** day so we went for a walk.

talk	always
warm	warn
ward	towards
travel	animal
pencil	July

English

Tuesday 5th May LO: Make a poster.



• Watch Owl Babies by Martin Wadell: https://www.literacyshed.com/the-picture-book-shed.html

TASK – Make a LOST poster for the owl mother who is missing. Draw a picture of the Owl mother and write sentences to describe her.

- Year I include full stops, capital letters and finger spaces.
- Year 2 include some conjunctions (when, if, that, but, or, because) and expanded noun phrases (*fluffy feathers*).

Helpful template on next page.

Can you help the owlets look for their mother?



Questions on next slide...

Year I Maths

5.5.20

LO: Taking away.

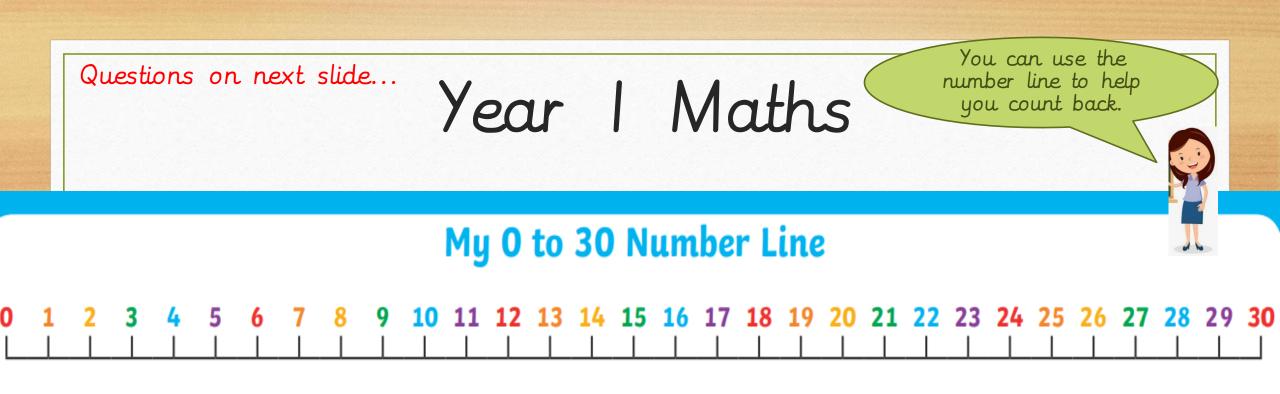
Remember when we are taking away the number gets smaller. Copy and complete the number sentences in your book. Remember to write your numbers neatly (one number in each box).

* stars show level of difficult – you can choose which one to start with.

TIP: You can use a number line (see next page) or objects around your house to help you.



Fancy a challenge? Ask a grown up to time you. See how quickly you did it.



Example... Start on 10. Take 5 jumps back.

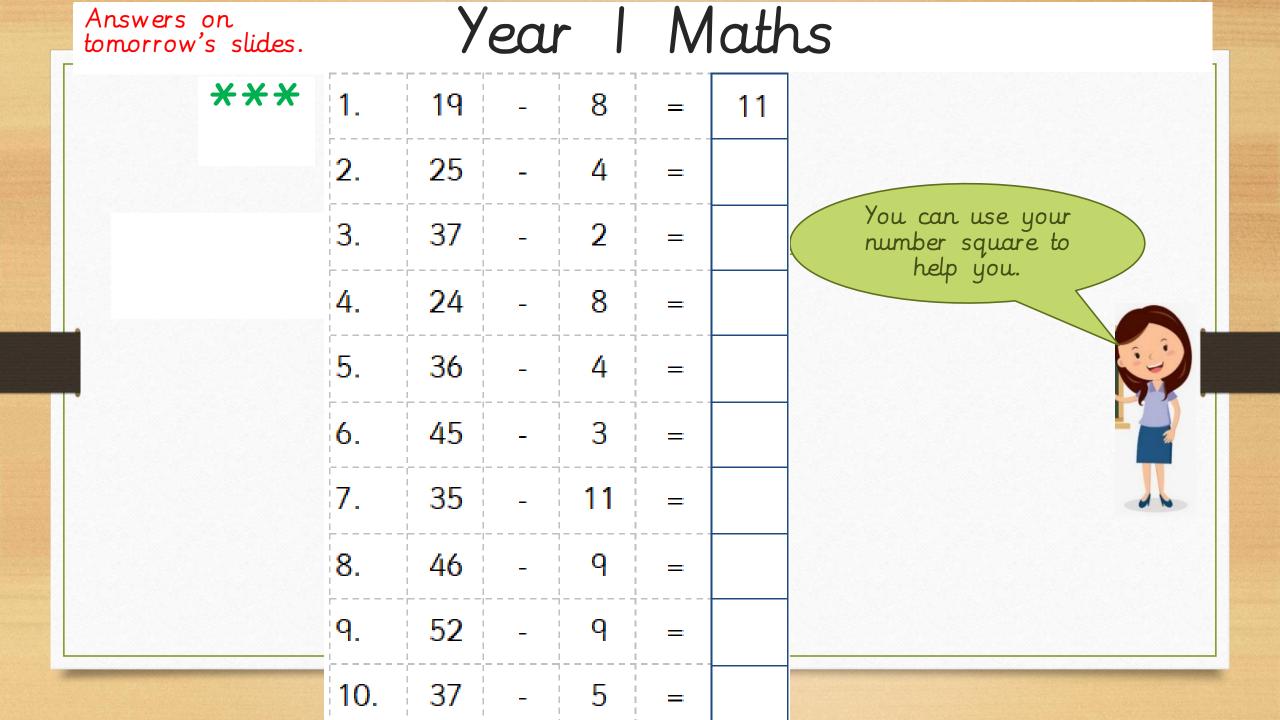
$$10 - 5 = 5$$

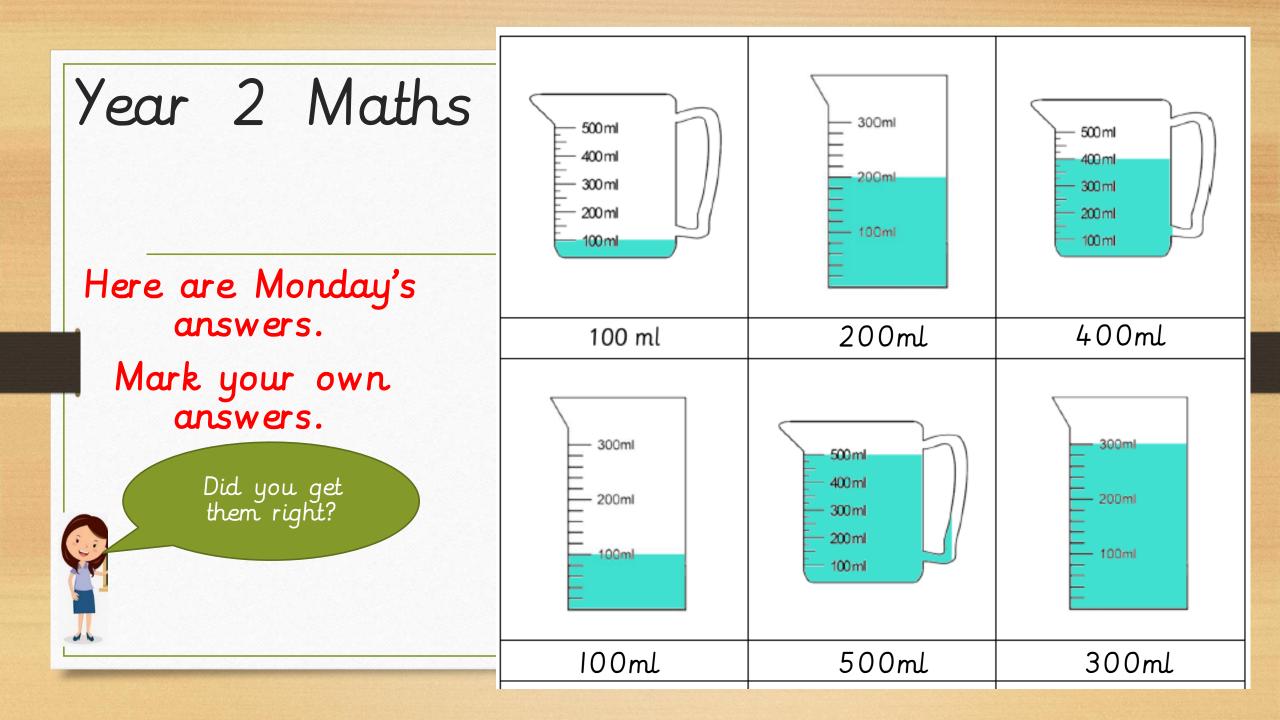
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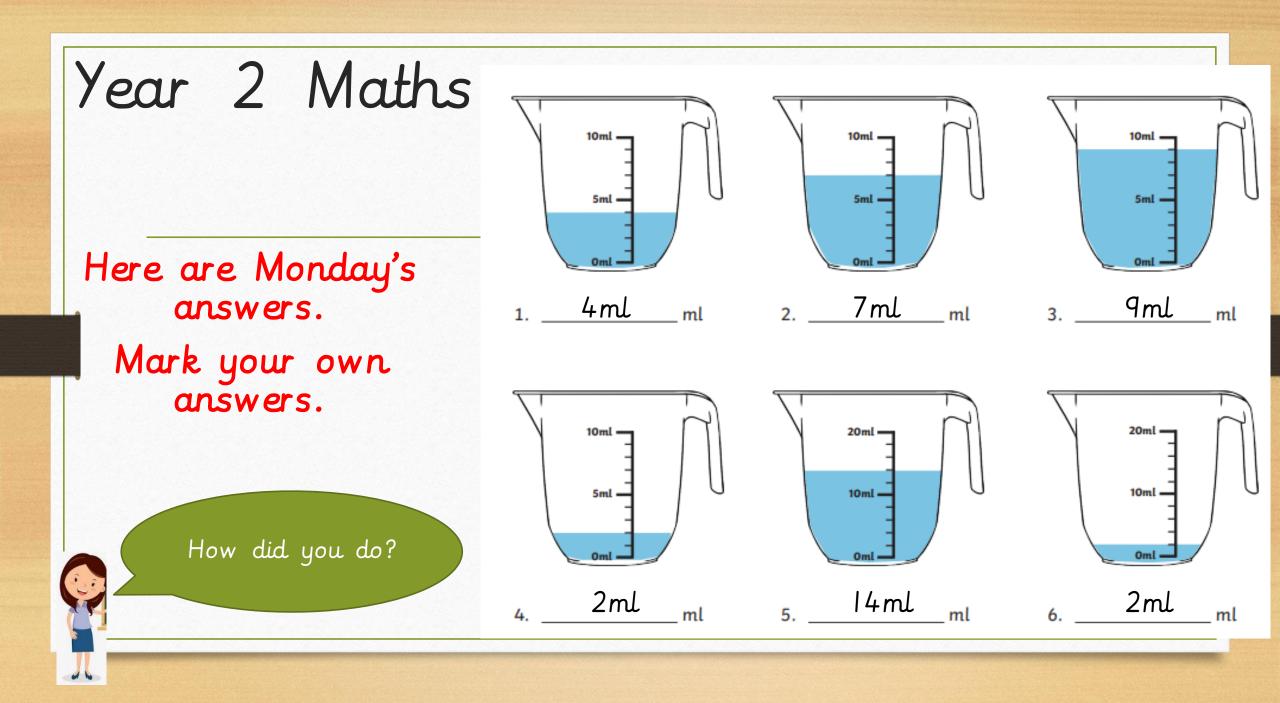
Answers on tomorrow's slides.

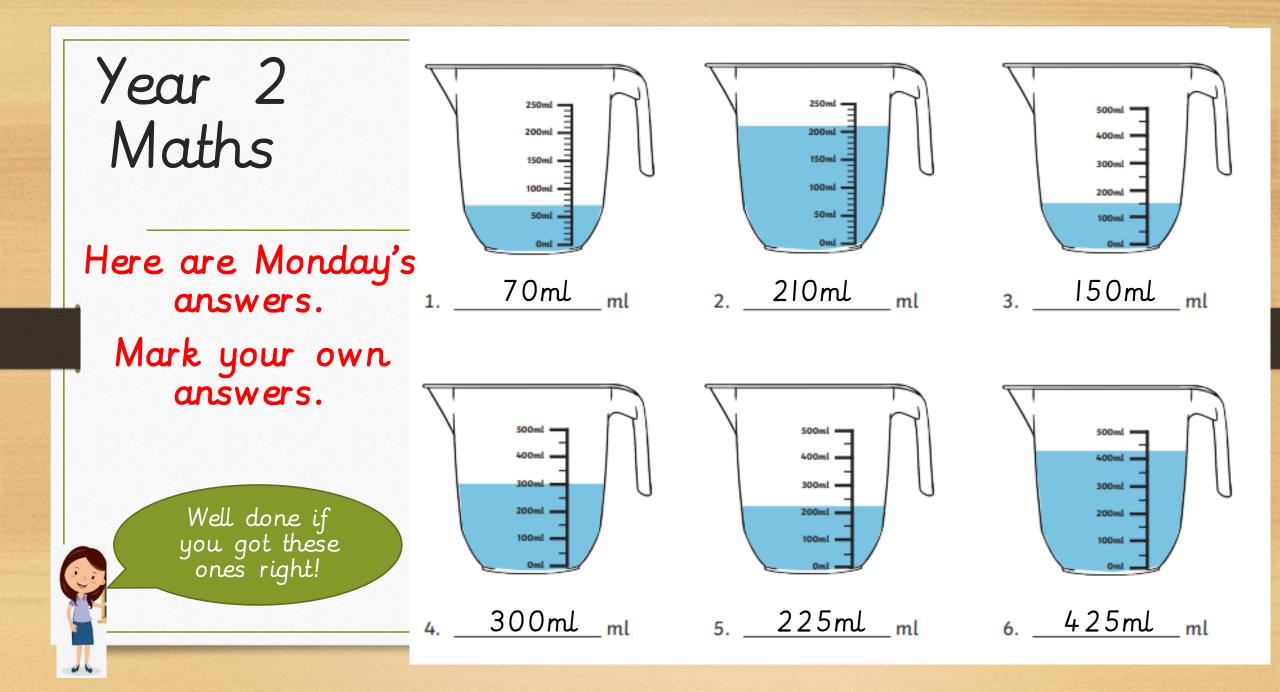
Year I Maths

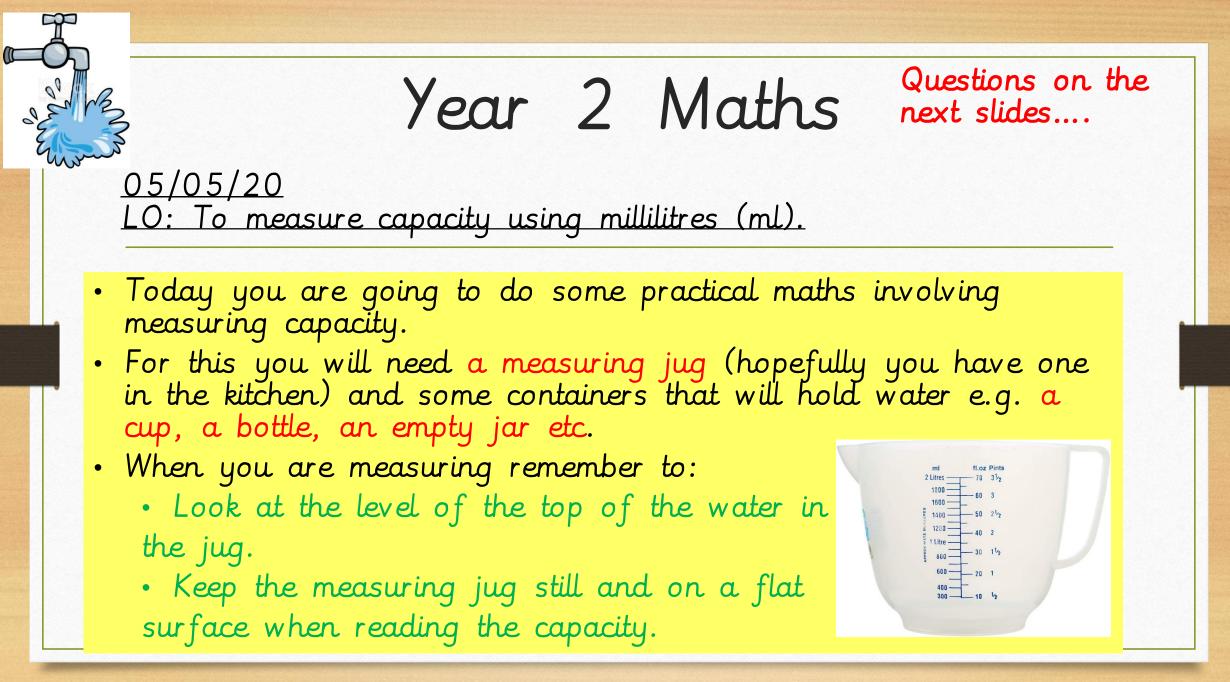
*							**	¥				
1.	6	_	4	=	2		1.	16	-	2	=	14
2.	5	-	4			You can use objects around	2.	15	_	4	=	
3.	7		2	=		objects around the house or a number line to	3.	17	_	2	=	
4.	10	-	3	=		help you.	4.	11	_	8	=	
5.	10		4	=======================================			5.	25	_	4	=	
<mark>6</mark> .	13	-	3	=		Ţ	6.	23	_	3	=	
7.	15	-	4	=======================================			7.	26	_	11	=	
8.	14	i i i i -	2	=			8.	17	_	٩	=	











TASK I

Year 2 Maths

Draw the table carefully with a ruler.

Draw this table into your book using a ruler.

	Container	Estimate of capacity (ml)	Capacity (ml)
annihunulunun annihunulunun	10/11/10	Now com	plete the task on th
	12 14 16 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18		plete the tusk off th

Now complete the task on the next slide.

TASK I

Year 2 Maths

Be careful not to make a mess with the water!

Find five containers from around your house. These could be a cup, a bottle, an empty jar etc.

- 1. Estimate (have an thoughtful guess) how much water the container will hold. Write this down.
- 2. Fill the container with water.
- 3. Then CAREFULLY pour the water into the measuring jug.
- 4. Allow time for the water to settle and be still in the jug.
- 5. Using the scale (MAKE SURE IT'S MILLILITRES!) on the side of the jug read how much water is in the jug. You can read the amount to the nearest 100ml. Write this down.
- 6. Repeat for the other containers.

If you are feeling very confident you can measure to the nearest 10ml.

TASK 2

Year 2 Maths

Now using your measurements do the following:

- Put the containers in order from smallest capacity to biggest capacity.
- Work out the difference between the biggest and smallest container

e.g. 600ml - 100ml = 500ml

- Add together the capacity of the two smallest containers.
- Add together the capacity of the two biggest containers.

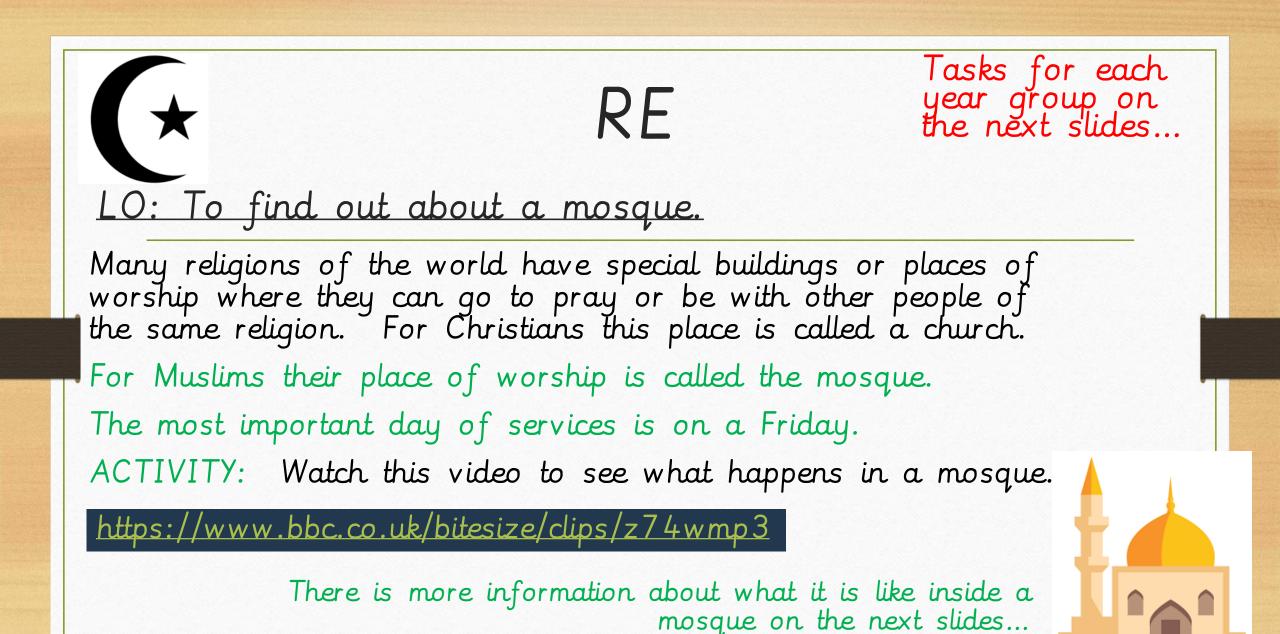
Make sure you tidy up after you've completed the tasks!

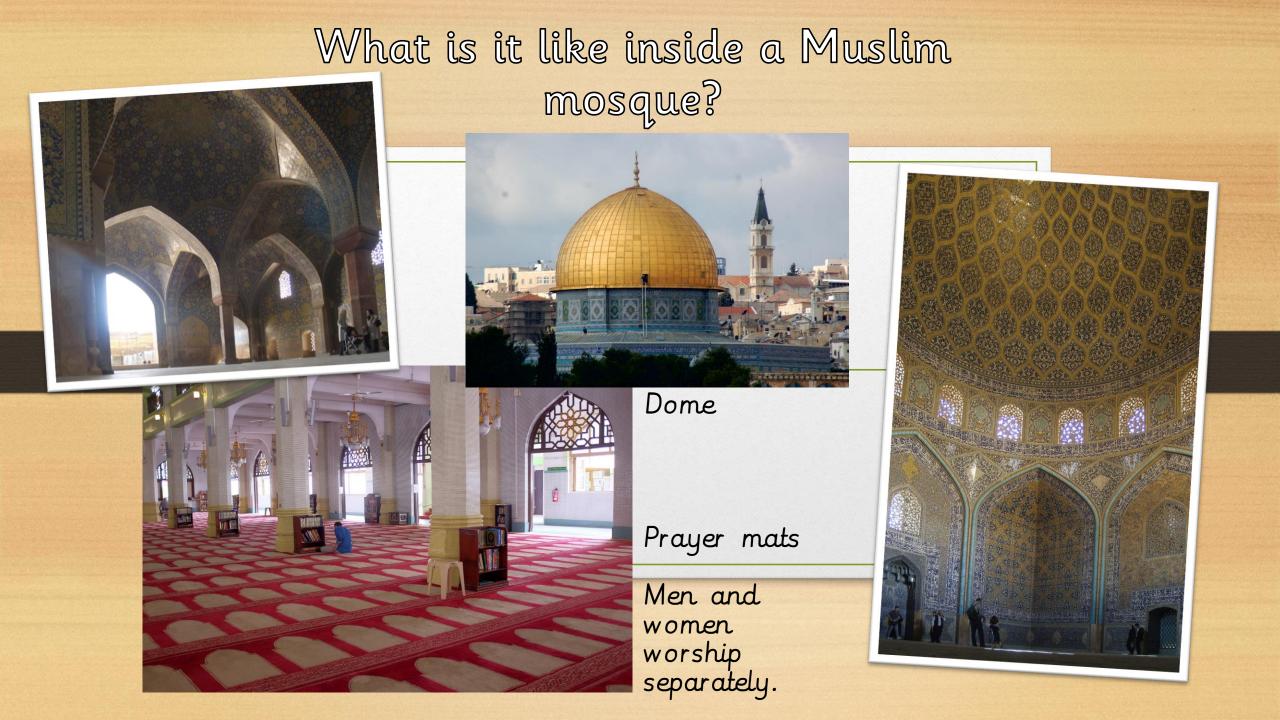
Extension:

It is recommended that an adult drinks 2 litres (2000ml) of water a day.

If I have a 500ml glass, how many glasses of water would I need to drink?

What if I had a 250ml glass?





Minaret

Most mosques have at least one minaret which is a tall thin tower. A man stands at the top and calls Muslims to prayer.

Mihrab

An alcove in the wall shows the direction the worshippers need to face. This is the direction of Mecca in Saudi Arabia, the most sacred Muslim place in the world.

Important Features of

Q



Shoe Rack

Muslims always take off their shoes when going into the mosque.



Prayer Mats

Mosques either have carpet with individual prayer mats or Muslims take their own prayer mat to worship upon.



Wash Room

Muslims must wash before entering the main hall.



Important Features of a Mosque



Qur'an

The Muslim holy book which is the word of God. It is treated with great respect and placed on a special wooden stand to be read.

RE Imam Mihrab Crescent A Qur'an Qubba Wash room Prayer mat (alcove to show the moon and (religious (Dome) (Holy Book) direction of Mecca) star leader) **TASKS:** Year | Talk about what is inside of a mosque with someone at home. Then draw a picture. Year 2 Draw and label a picture of the inside of a mosque.

